USN

15PHY12/22

First/Second Semester B.E. Degree(CBCS)Examination

Engineering Physics

Time: 3 hrs.

1

2

Max. Marks: 80

(05 Marks)

Note: 1. Answer any FIVE full questions, choosing one full question from each module. 2. Physical Constants: Velocity of light, $c = 3x10^8 \text{ m/s}$, Planck's constant, $h = 6.625x10^{-34} \text{ JS}$; Mass of electron m= $9.1x10^{-31}$ kg; Boltzmann constant, $k = 1.38x10^{-23} \text{ J/K}$; Avagadro number, $N_A = 6.02X10^{26}$ /K mole

Module-1

- State Planck's law of black body radiation. Show that Planck's law reduces to Wien's law a. and Rayleigh Jeans law at lower and higher wavelength limits respectively. (07 Marks)
 - Based on Heisenberg's uncertainty principle, show that electrons cannot exist within the b. nucleus. (05 Marks)
 - Calculate the de Broglie wavelength of an electron moving with a K.E. of 50 Kev. (04 Marks) C.

OR

- What is phase velocity and group velocity? Show that group velocity is equal to particle a. velocity. (05 Marks)
 - b. Obtain the solution of Schrodinger's time independent wave equation for a particle in a one dimensional potential box of infinite height. (07 Marks)
 - c. X-rays of wavelength 0.75 Å are scattered from a target at an angle of 45°. Calculate the wavelength of scattered X-rays. (04 Marks)

Module-2

- What is Fermi level? Describe the variation of Fermi factor with temperature. 3 (05 Marks) a.
 - What is Meissner effect? Write a note on Type I and Type II super conductors. (07 Marks) b.
 - c. For intrinsic gallium arsenide, the room temperature electrical conductivity is 10^{-6} ohm⁻¹m⁻¹. The electron and hole mobilities are respectively 0.85 $m^{2/}$ Vs and 0.04 $m^{2/}$ Vs. Calculate the intrinsic carrier concentration at room Temperature. (04 Marks)

OR

- Explain the BCS theory of super conductivity. 4 a.
 - State law of mass action. Obtain an expression for the intrinsic carrier density. b. (07 Marks)
 - c. Calculate the probability of finding an electron at an energy level 0.02 eV above Fermi level at 300K. (04 Marks)

Module-3

- Explain the construction and working of carbon dioxide Laser. 5 (08 Marks) a.
 - Obtain an expression for the numerical aperture of an optical fiber. b. (04 Marks)
 - The average power output of a laser beam of wavelength 6500 Å is 10 mw. Find the number C. of photons emitted per second by the laser source. (04 Marks)

OR

- What is holography? Explain the principle and method of recording an image on a 6 a. hologram. (06 Marks) (06 Marks)
 - Explain the different types of optical fibers. b.
 - An Optical signal propagating in a fiber retains 85% of input power after travelling a C. distance of 500 m in the fiber. Calculate the attenuation coefficient. (04 Marks)

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(06 Marks)

Module-4

- 7 a. Obtain an expression for the inter planar distance in a cubic crystal in terms of Miller indices. (05 Marks)
 - b. What is atomic packing factor? Calculate the atomic packing factor for SC, FCC and BCC structures. (07 Marks)
 - c. First order spectrum is formed when X rays of wavelength 1.5 Å is incident on a crystal at a glancing angle 0f 12⁰. Calculate the inter planar distance. If the Miller indices of the plane is (1 0 1), then find the lattice constant. (04 Marks)

OR

- 8 a. With the help of a neat diagram explain the crystal structure of diamond and calculate its atomic packing factor. (06 Marks)
 - b. Explain allotropy and polymorphism.
 - c. Draw the crystal planes (1 2 0) and (1 0 1) in a cubic crystal. (04 Marks)

Module-5

9	a.	a. What is Mach number? Explain the difference between ultra sonic and acoustic	
			(04 Marks)
	b.	What is a carbon nano tube? Explain how it is synthesized using pyrolysis method	l.
			(06 Marks)
	c.	Explain the working of SEM with the help of a neat diagram.	(06 Marks)
		OR	
10	a.	Briefly explain the Rankine – Hugonit shock equations.	(05 Marks)
	b.	Explain the Sol - Gel method of synthesis of nano materials.	(07 Marks)
	c.	Write a note on applications of carbon nano tubes.	(04 Marks)

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