Model Question Paper-1 with effect from 2019-20 (CBCS Scheme)

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Fifth Semester B.E. Degree Examination Genomics and Proteomics

TIME: 03 Hours Max. Marks: 100

Note: 01. Answer any **FIVE** full questions, choosing at least **ONE** question from each **MODULE**.

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Module – 2 gle Nucleotide Polymorphisms. ags (ESTs).	10
gle Nucleotide Polymorphisms. ags (ESTs).	
ags (ESTs).	
	10
OR	
	
ject and the genetic map.	10
DNA Chips.	10
Module – 3	
eukaryotic genome.	10
ption.	10
OR	,
l genomics	7
nology.	7
ng - Crispr Cas9	6
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	Module – 4	
(a)	Discuss in Detail on Molecular markers - RFLP, RAPD	10
(b)	Briefly describe Methods of molecular mapping.	10
I	OR	-
(a)	List and explain on CAPS, microsatellites and SNPs.	8
(b)	Describe with anMicro-array in functional genomics.	8
(c)	Discuss in detail Telomerase as molecular markers.	4
<u> </u>	Module – 5	
(a)	What is the role of Two-dimensional PAGE in proteome analysis? Explain.	10
(b)	Explain Mass-spec based analysis of protein expression	10
I	OR	
(a)	How does Edman protein microsequencing works?	6
(b)	Explain Detection of proteins on SDS gels.	8
	(a) (b) (c) (a) (b)	(a) Discuss in Detail on Molecular markers - RFLP, RAPD (b) Briefly describe Methods of molecular mapping. OR (a) List and explain on CAPS, microsatellites and SNPs. (b) Describe with an Micro-array in functional genomics. (c) Discuss in detail Telomerase as molecular markers. Module – 5 (a) What is the role of Two-dimensional PAGE in proteome analysis? Explain. (b) Explain Mass-spec based analysis of protein expression OR (a) How does Edman protein microsequencing works?

Table showing the Bloom's Taxonomy Level, Course Outcome and Programme Outcome										
Ques	tion	Bloom's Taxonomy Level attached	Course Outcome	Programme Outcome						
Q.1	(a)	L2	CO1	PO12						
	(b)	L2	CO1	PO12						
Q.2	(a)	L1	CO1	PO12						
	(b)	L1	CO1	PO12						
	(c)	L2	CO1	PO12						
Q.3	(a)	L2	CO1	PO10						
	(b)	L2	CO1	PO10						
Q.4	(a)	L2	CO1	PO10						
	(b)	L1	CO1	PO10						
Q.5	(a)	L1	CO1	PO10						
	(b)	L2	CO1	PO10						
Q.6	(a)	L3	CO1	PO10						
-	(b)	L1	CO1	PO10						
	С	L1	CO1							
Q.7	(a)	L1	CO3	PO9						
-	(b)	L1	CO2	PO11						

Q.8	(a)	L1	CO3	PO9
	(b)	L2	CO2	PO11
	(c)	L1	CO3	PO9
Q.9	(a)	L1	CO4	PO8
	(b)		CO4	PO8
Q.10	(a)	L3	CO4	PO8
	(b)	L2	CO4	PO8
	(c)	L1	CO4	PO8
			Lower order thinking skills	
Bloom's	S	Remembering	Understanding	Applying (Application):
Taxono	my	(knowledge): \square_1	Comprehension)	\square_3
Levels			:□2	
			Higher order thinking skills	
	Ī	Analyzing (Analysis): \square_4	Valuating (Evaluation): \Box_5	Creating (Synthesis): \Box

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Model Question Paper-1 with effect from 2019-20 (CBCS Scheme)

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Fifth Semester B.E. Degree Examination Genomics and Proteomics

TIME: 03 Hours Max. Marks: 100

Note: 01. Answer any **FIVE** full questions, choosing at least **ONE** question from each **MODULE**.

		Module – 1	
	(a)	Give a brief note on the databases and tools used for Genome studies	06
Q.1	(b)	Explain Sanger's dideoxy method for DNA sequencing	08
	(c)	Define polymorphism. Explain different types of polymorphism.	06
	•	OR	
	(a)	Explain the methods of preparation of Genomic DNA for Sequencing	06
Q.2	(b)	Explain with principle any one method of Next generation sequencing(NGS)	08
	(c)	Elucidate the relationship between genes and proteins	06
		Module – 2	
Q.3	(a)	What are SNPs? What are various methods used for detection of SNPs? Explain any one method in detail with figure	10
	(b)	Write short note on Gene-disease association and DNA chip	10
	1	OR	ı
	(a)	Write about expressed sequenced tags(EST's) in genomics. How it is to be analyzed by using Bioinformatics tools.	10

		TOL) 1 J T
Q.4			
	(b)	Discuss in detail Human genome project	10
	1	Module – 3	
	(a)	Explain different features of "C value Paradox"	10
Q.5	(b)	Discuss the role of transcription factors in regulation of eukaryotic gene expression	10
	1	OR	.
	(a)	What are Genome editing? Write a note on CRISPR-Cas9	10
Q.6	(b)	Explain the organization of genome within mitochondrial and chloroplast.	10

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		Module – 4	
Q.7	(a)	What are genetic and physical maps in genome mapping? Explain how RFLP can be used as a molecular marker in mapping.	10
	(b)	Describe the differential display RT-PCR	10
		OR	
	(a)	Describe FISH as a means of physical mapping approach	10
Q.8	(b)	Explain T-DNA and transposon tagging in identification of new genes	10
	I	Module – 5	
	(a)	Describe the general techniques of protein isolation and purification	10
Q.9	(b)	Explain in detail two hybrid interaction screens	10
		OR	
	(a)	Explain the principle, procedure & application of Mass Spectroscopy in proteomics	10
Q.10	(b)	Explain 2D SDS-PAGE	10

Table showing the Bloom's Taxonomy Level, Course Outcome and Programme Outcome										
Quest	tion	Bloom's Taxonomy Level attached	Course Outcome	Programme Outcome						
Q.1	(a)	L2	CO1	PO1						
	(b)	L3	CO1	PO1						
	(c)	L2	CO1	PO1						
Q.2	(a)	L2	CO1	PO1						
	(b)	L3	CO1	PO1						
	(c)	L2	CO1	PO1						
Q.3	(a)	L2	CO2	PO1						
-	(b)	L3	CO2	PO1						
Q.4	(a)	L2	CO2	PO1						
	(b)	L3	CO2	PO1						
Q.5	(a)	L2	CO3	PO1						
	(b)	L2	CO3	PO1						
Q.6	(a)	L2	CO3	PO1						
	(b)	L2	CO3	PO1						
Q.7	(a)	L3	CO3	PO7						
	(b)	L3	CO	PO5						
Q.8	(a)	L3	CO	PO5						
•	(b)	L3	CO	PO1						
Q.9	(a)	L2	CO5	PO3						
-	(b)	L3	CO5	PO3						
Q.10	(a)	L2	CO5	PO5						
	(b)	L3	CO5	PO5						
			Lower order thinking skills							
Bloom's Taxonomy		Remembering (knowledge): L_1	Understanding Comprehension) : L_2	Applying (Application): L ₃						

Levels		Higher order thinking skills	
	Analyzing (Analysis): L ₄	Valuating (Evaluation): L_5	Creating (Synthesis): L_6

Model Question Paper-1 with effect from 2019-20 (CBCS Scheme)

USN					

Fifth Semester B.E. Degree Examination Genomics and Proteomics

TIME: 03 Hours Max. Marks: 100

Note: 01. Answer any **FIVE** full questions, choosing at least **ONE** question from each **MODULE**.

		Module – 1			
	(a)	What is polymorphism? Explain different type of polymorphisms with suitable examples.			
Q.1		Explain Sanger dideoxy method of DNA sequencing in comparison with fluorescence method DNA sequencing.			
	(c)	Summarize on genome project on E.coli genome project and its databases.	6		
		OR			
	(a)	What is NGS?Explain Illumina NGS method of sequencing	08		
Q.2	(b)	Discuss in detail Ion torrent method sequencing, Add a note on its benefits and its limitation	06		
Q.2	(c)	Explain shot gun approach of DNA sequencing method	06		
		Module – 2			
	(a)	Explain specific goal, sequencing strategies, mapping strategies and application of HGP	08		
Q.3	(b)	Summarize on genome project on E.coli genome project and its databases.	06		
QS	(c)	Write a note on rice genome project	06		
		OR			
	(a)	What are ESTs? Explain the constructions and applications of ESTs.	06		
Q.4	(b)	Explain specific goals of functional genomics with reference to C.elegans as a model system	06		
	(c)	Describe the steps involved in DNA chip technology with interpretation of results.	08		
	<u> </u>	Module – 3			
	(a)	Discuss in detail about mechanism of RNA silencing and its application.	08		
Q.5	(b)	Describe the genome organization with in mitochondria	06		
	(c)	Explain C-value of genome	06		
		OR			
	(a)	Discuss in detail about General architecture of eukaryotic genome	08		
Q.6	(b)	Illustrate on Gene Editing -Crispr Cas9	08		
	(c)	Write a short note on transcription factor	04		

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	Module – 4	
(a)	What are molecular markers? Explain RFLP and RAPD with suitable examples	08
(b)	Describe the methods of detection of SNPs.	
(c)	Explain working principles of FISH a physical map and its application.	
	OR	<u>'</u>
(a)	Explain telomerase as a molecular marker.	08
(b)	Explain the steps involved in SCAR marker preparation as a tool in molecular mapping.	
(c)	Write an explanatory note on AFLP and its advantage and disadvantage.	
	Module – 5	
(a)	Summarize important method protein isolation, quantification and purification in detail.	
(b)	Explain in detail about 2D gel electrophoresis techniques	10
	OR	
(a)	Experiment on yeast two hybrid screening to study protein- protein interaction.	
(b)	Explain the principles, Instrumentation and application of MALDI-TOF	
L	*********************	_1
	(b) (c) (a) (b) (c) (a) (b) (b) (a)	Module – 4 (a) What are molecular markers? Explain RFLP and RAPD with suitable examples (b) Describe the methods of detection of SNPs. (c) Explain working principles of FISH a physical map and its application. OR (a) Explain telomerase as a molecular marker. (b) Explain the steps involved in SCAR marker preparation as a tool in molecular mapping. (c) Write an explanatory note on AFLP and its advantage and disadvantage. Module – 5 (a) Summarize important method protein isolation, quantification and purification in detail. (b) Explain in detail about 2D gel electrophoresis techniques OR (a) Experiment on yeast two hybrid screening to study protein- protein interaction. (b) Explain the principles, Instrumentation and application of MALDI-TOF

Table showing the Bloom's Taxonomy Level, Course Outcome and Programme Outcome							
Question		Bloom's Taxonomy Level attached	Course Outcome	Programme Outcome			
Q.1	(a)	L1,L2	CO1	PO12			
	(b)	L2	CO1	PO12			
	(c)	L2	CO1	PO12			
Q.2	(a)	L1,L2	CO1	PO12			
	(b)	L2	CO1	PO12			
	(c)	L2	CO1	PO12			
Q.3	(a)	L2	CO2	PO10			
.	(b)	L2	CO2	PO10			
	(c)	L2	CO2	PO10			
Q.4	(a)	L2	CO2	PO10			
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	(c)	L2	CO2	PO10			
Q.5	(a)	L2	CO3	PO10			
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Q.8	(a)	L2	CO4	PO9			
Q. 0	(b)	L2	CO4	PO11			
	(c)	L3	CO4	PO9			
Q.9	(a)	L3	CO5	PO5			
C	(b)	L2	CO5	PO5			
	(c)	L3	CO5	PO5			
Q.10	(a)	L2	CO5	PO5			
	(b)	L2	CO5	PO5			
	(c)	L2	CO5	PO5			
			Lower order thinking skills				
Bloom's Taxonomy Levels		Remembering (knowledge): \Box 1	Understanding Comprehension) : □ 2	Applying (Application)			
			Higher order thinking skills				
		Analyzing (Analysis): ☐ 4	Valuating (Evaluation): ☐ 5	Creating (Synthesis): □			

