

CBCS SCHEME

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14PHDCV002

Ph.D./M.Sc. (Engg.) by Research Degree Examination, April 2018

Structural Engineering

Time: 3 hrs.

Max. Marks: 100

Note: 1. Answer any FIVE full questions.
2. Use of IS codes are permitted.

- 1 a. What is aerated concrete and what are the several ways of manufacture of aerated concrete? (10 Marks)
b. Explain the complexities involved in making SCC. (10 Marks)
- 2 A beam of rectangular section in a multistorey frame is 250 mm wide by 500 mm deep. The section is subjected to a ultimate bending moment of 55 kN-m, ultimate torsional moment 30 kN-m and ultimate shear force of 40 kN. Use M20 grade concrete and Fe415 steel. Design suitable reinforcements in the section. Effective cover to steel is 50 mm. (20 Marks)
- 3 A prestressed concrete beam having a cross-section as shown in Fig.Q3 carries a uniform load of 12 kN/m due to its own weight at the initial stage over a span of 16 m. Determine the prestressing force and its eccentricity to produce net stresses equal to 0 and -12 N/mm^2 at top and bottom fiber respectively.

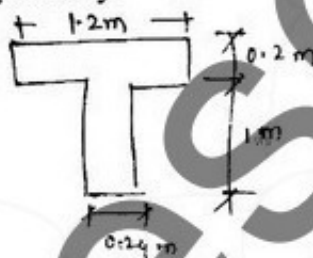


Fig.Q3

(20 Marks)

- 4 a. The principal stresses at a point in a stressed material are $\sigma_x = 200 \text{ N/mm}^2$, $\sigma_y = 150 \text{ N/mm}^2$, $\sigma_z = 120 \text{ N/mm}^2$. Taking $E = 210 \text{ kN/mm}^2$ and $\mu = 0.3$, what is the volumetric strain? (08 Marks)
b. The stress tensor at a point is given as

$$\begin{bmatrix} \sigma_x & \tau_{xy} & \tau_{xz} \\ \tau_{yx} & \sigma_y & \tau_{yz} \\ \tau_{zx} & \tau_{zy} & \sigma_z \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 200 & 160 & -120 \\ 166 & -240 & 100 \\ -120 & 100 & 160 \end{bmatrix} \text{ kN/m}^2$$

Determine the strain tensor at this point. Take, $E = 210 \times 10^6 \text{ kN/m}^2$ and $\mu = 0.3$. (12 Marks)

- 5 A three storey shear type structure subjected to the earthquake excitation. The weight on each storey of the structure from top to bottom is $W_1 = W_2 = W_3 = 9800 \text{ kN}$. The stiffness of each storey is $K_1 = 3K$, $K_2 = 5K$ and $K_3 = 6K$ where $K = 200 \text{ kN/cm}$ and $h_1 = h_2 = h_3 = 3 \text{ m}$. Determine the natural frequency and mode shapes. (20 Marks)

- 6 Find the natural frequency for the truss system as shown in Fig.Q6. Use lumped mass.

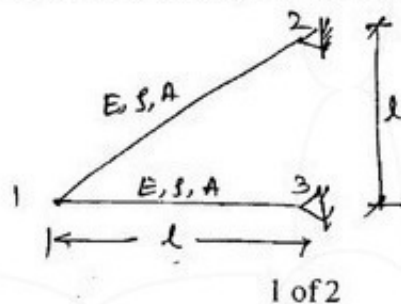


Fig.Q6

(20 Marks)

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- 7 In the pin-jointed truss shown in Fig.Q7, all the bars are cooled up to 30°C . Assume AE for all the members as constant is $100 (10^3) \text{ kN}$ and $\alpha = 12(10^{-6})/^{\circ}\text{C}$ member lengths, $AB = 6\text{m}$, $AC = 3\text{m}$ and $AD = 5\text{m}$. Using force-displacement, determine the member forces.

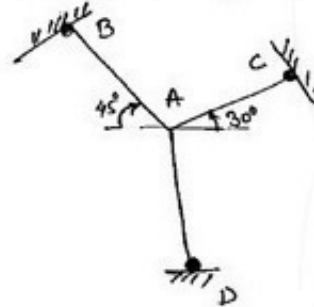


Fig.Q7

(20 Marks)

- 8 ACST element as shown in Fig.Q8 gets axial loading of $(F_{x1}) = 10 \text{ kN/m}$ in x-direction and $(F_{y1}) = 20 \text{ kN/m}$ in y-direction. Compute the nodal loads in the element.

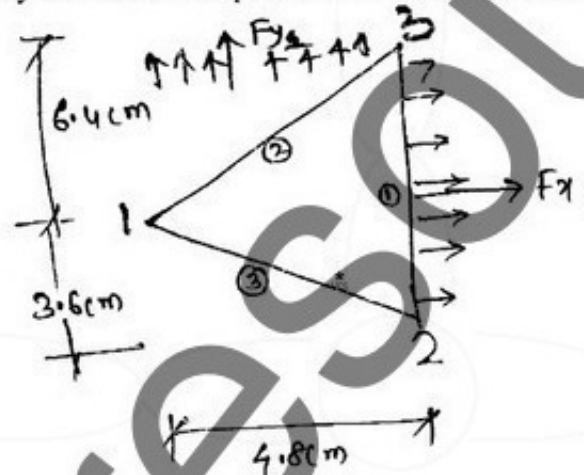


Fig.Q8

(20 Marks)
